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The Influence of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) Model on Student Learning Outcomes

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Abstract: The purpose of the research to determine the effect of Project Based Learning (PjBL) model on student learning outcomes in optical instruments. The sampling technique used purposive sampling, obtained class XI MIPA 4 as experimental class and XI MIPA 5 as control class. The research design used was a nonequivalent control group design. The experimental class will be given treatment using the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model, while the control class will use the expository model (conventional learning). Learning outcomes abilities measured in the cognitive domain include: C1) remembering, C2) understanding, C3) applying, C4) analyzing, C5) evaluating, and C6) creating. The instrument used was 10 multiple choice questions. Data were analyzed using parametric statistics, namely Manova. The results showed a sinificance value of 0.000 < 0.05 and a value of $R_{count} > R_{table}$ where 0.359 > 0.350, so H_0 was rejected and H_a was accepted. So can be concluded that there is an influence of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model on scientific literacy and student learning outcomes in optical equipment material.

Keywords: Learning Outcames ; PjBL Model; Students.

Introduction

Education is an effort used by humans to improve their self-quality (Rosnidar et al, 2021). One of the subjects in formal education that is often found is Natural Sciences subjects. Natural Science subjects are products, processes and attitudes discovered through exploration which produce knowledge which includes facts, concepts, principles, laws, formulas, theories and models (Janiarti, 2015). Physics is a branch of science learning whose results must be able to improve student learning outcomes as the final result (Khoiri et al, 2016). Learning outcomes are the abilities or knowledge that students have after following the learning process both in class and outside of class (Dakhi, 2020; Azhar et al, 2022; and Rizal, S et al, 2023).

According to the results of observations at SMAN 1 Narmada, it was found that student learning outcomes in five classes were still low, indicated by student learning outcomes that were still below the

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Minimum Graduation. To solve this problem, a learning model that is student-centered (centered on students) is needed which is able to involve students directly so that knowledge is obtained at the students' own will so that the teaching and learning process becomes more active and interactive. In line with Wahyuni's (2020) opinion, it is necessary to develop conducive learning experiences centered on students so that learning outcomes can improve.

One learning model that can be used is the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model. The Project Based Learning (PjBL) model is a learning model that is able to make students more active in solving problems through scientific stages within a certain time period to produce a product (Kemendikbud, 2020). The projectbased learning model is also a model that is recommended for use by teachers by giving them the freedom to provide projects that suit the students' environment (Musdalifah et al, 2023). The syntax of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model according to

Wajdi (2017) is as follows: 1) provide stimulus, 2) plan the project, 3) determine the activity schedule, 4) supervise the project implementation process. Teachers carry out monitoring for, 5) assessment, and 6) evaluation. ModelProject Based Learning(PjBL) is a model that is considered capable of improving student learning outcomes (Farihatun and Rusdarti, 2019; Efliana et al, 2022; Mayangsari, 2017; Fahadah et al, 2021; Solekhah et al, 2020)

Method

This type of research is a quasi-experiment in the form of a Nonequivalent Control Group Design, namely a design that provides a pre-test and post-test for each group (Sahir, S, H., 2021). The samples in this study were class XI MIPA 4 as an experimental class which was treated using the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model and XI MIPA 5 as the control class using expository model in SMAN 1 Narmada.

Table 1. Nonequivalent Control Group Research Design Design

Group	Pre-test	Treatment	Post-test
Experiment	O ₁	X_1	O ₂
Control	O ₃	X ₂	O_4
T C ···			

Information:

 O_1 : Giving initial tests to the experimental class

: Giving the final test to the experimental class O_2

- O_3 : Giving initial tests to the control class
- : Giving the final test to the control class O₄
- : Learning in the experimental class using X_1 modelsProject Based Learning(PjBL)
- X_2 Learning in the experimental class uses an expository model

The sampling technique uses a purposive sampling technique, namely a sampling technique with certain considerations (Sugiyono, 2020). The test technique used to measure learning outcomes is by giving 10 multiple choice questions. Before the pre-test, the author carried out an instrument test consisting of validity, reliability, level of difficulty and differentiability of questions to determine the suitability of the test instrument to be used with the required indicators (Fauzi et al., 2022). After carrying out the pre-test, each class was given treatment and the last one was given a post-test as a comparison. Then prerequisite tests are carried out, namely normality and homogeneity tests. Next, a hypothesis test was carried out using the Manova test to see the effect of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model on student learning outcomes (Irwan and Sauddin, 2021).

Result and Discussion

The learning outcomes measured in this research are cognitive domain learning outcomes

starting from C1-C6 including: C1) remembering, C2) understanding, C3) applying, C4) analyzing, C5) evaluating, and C6) creating (Sahidu, 2018). Class XI MIPA 5 as the control class in this research was given treatment using the expository model (lecture method) while the experimental class was given treatment using the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model. Students in the experimental class are given the task of making a product related to optical instruments









Simple Projector

Simple Periscope Simple Loop Figure 1. Experimental Class Product Results

There were two groups making a simple projector, one group making a simple kaleidoscope, one group making a simple periscope, and one group making a simple loop. During project creation, students actively find out independently the working principles of tools and matters related to optical tools.

To see an increase in student learning outcomes, a comparison was carried out between the pre-test and post-test. The results of the students' pretest and post-test can be seen in Figure 2.

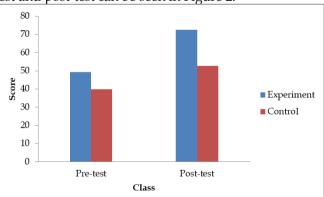


Figure 2. Graph of students' pre-test and post-test scores

Based on Figure 2, it can be seen that the increase in learning outcomes in the experimental class is higher than in the control class. This indicates that the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model is considered capable of improving student learning outcomes, this is in line with research conducted by Subuki, et al. (2023) Other research was also conducted by Made et al, 2022; Antara et al, 2019; Khoiruddin 2021.

Before testing the hypothesis, a prerequisite test is carried out. The prerequisite tests in this research are the normality test and homogeneity test. Normality test results can be seen in Table 3. **Table 2** Normality Test Results

Tests of Normality				
		Shapiro-Wilk		
Class		Statistics	Df	Sig.
	Pre-Test	0.956		0.182
Experiment	Post-Test	0.949	34	0.118
	Pre-Test	0.952		0.141
Control	Post-Test	0.949		0.118

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

The normality test used was Shapiro-Wilk with a significance of 5% using SPSS 26. The significance value for each pre-test and post-test for the experimental class was 0.182 and 0.118, while for the significance value for each pre-test and post-test for the control class. are 0.141 and 0.118, all four variables are greater than 0.05 so it can be concluded that the data is normally distributed.

The next prerequisite test is the homogeneity test which can be seen in Table 4.

Table 3. Homogeneity Test Results

Test of Homogeneity of Variance				
	Levene			
Class	Statistics	df1	df2	Sig.
Experiment	0.025	1	66	0.875
Control	0.004	1	66	0.949

Homogeneity was tested using SPSS 26 based on a significance value of 5%. It was found that the data results for the experimental class and control class were 0.875 and 0.949 respectively, both data were greater than 0.05 so it could be con cluded that the data were homogeneous.

Once the conditions are met, a hypothesis test will be carried out using the MANOVA test.

Table 4. Manova Test	Results
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MANOVA (Sig.)	Significance	R _{count}	R _{Table}	Criteria
0,000	0.05	0.359	0.350	Ha
				accented

Based on Table 5, it can be seen that the significance value is 0.00 < 0.05 and the value is 0.359 > 0.350, which means $R_{count} > R_{table}$, so H_0 is rejected and H_a is accepted, so it can be concluded that there is an influence of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model on students' learning outcomes in optical instruments. in line with research conducted by Wahyuningsih et al, 2021; Permana & Setiawan, 2019; Widana & Septari, 2021.

According to Nisa and Yuliwati (2021)The Project Based Learning (PjBL) model is a learning model that is centered on the student process, where students are required to actively search for their own information and translate it to produce a product. There are two factors that influence learning outcomes, namely internal factors in the form of intelligence, physical, physiological, attitudes, interests, talents and intelligence and external factors in the form of the social environment and national environment (Imron and Sahyar, 2019). In this research, the use of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model can stimulate the two factors that influence learning outcomes, in line with research conducted by Hartati (2022) which states that the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model can improve student learning outcomes.

Conclusion

Based on the results and discussion there is an influence of the Project Based Learning (PjBL) model on student learning outcomes on proven optical instrument material with a hypothesis significance value of 0.00 < 0.05 and an R_{count} value > R_{table} 0.359 > 0.350 for learning outcomes so that H_a is accepted and H_0 is rejected.

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